



CABINET – 8TH DECEMBER 2021

SUBJECT: COUNCIL TAX BASE 2022-2023

REPORT BY: CORPORATE DIRECTOR FOR EDUCATION & CORPORATE SERVICES

1. PURPOSE OF REPORT

1.1 For Cabinet to agree the calculation of the Council Tax Base for the 2022/23 financial year.

2. SUMMARY

2.1 The report provides details of the Council Tax base for 2022/23 for tax setting purposes and the collection percentage to be applied.

3. RECOMMENDATIONS

3.1 It is recommended that: -

- The Council Tax collection rate is maintained at 97.50% for the 2022/23 financial year.
- The Council Tax Base for 2022/23 be **61,062.71**, with the Council Tax Base for each community council area being as outlined in paragraph 5.6.

4. REASONS FOR THE RECOMMENDATIONS

4.1 To determine the Council Tax base for 2022/23.

5. THE REPORT

5.1 The Local Government Finance Act 1992 and The Local Authorities (Calculation of Council Tax Base) (Wales) Regulations 1995 as amended set out the rules for the calculation of the Council Tax base. This is the amount required by the Local Government Finance Act 1992 to be used in the calculation of the Council Tax.

5.2 The Council Tax Base is the measure of the relative taxable capacity of different areas within the County Borough and is calculated in accordance with prescribed rules. The Tax Base represents the number of chargeable dwellings in the area expressed as Band D equivalents, taking into account the total number of exemptions, disablement reductions and discounts, with the net Tax Base calculated by taking account of the Council's estimated collection rate.

5.3 The gross Council Tax base for discounted chargeable dwellings expressed as Band D equivalents has been calculated at 62,628.42 for 2022/23. This figure is used by Welsh Government as part of the process for calculating the Revenue Support Grant.

5.4 The in-year collection rate for Council Tax had been maintained at between 96% and 97%

prior to the breakout of the Covid-19 pandemic. Last year however, it was only 94.5%. This was representative across all 22 Welsh authorities, who all reported a lower in-year collection rate due to the impact of the pandemic.

- 5.5 The Authority actively pursues all Council Tax arrears which results in the collection rate of 97.5% being regularly exceeded over time. This year the Authority has targeted the collection of previous years arrears, although this has been impacted by the restrictions in place limiting the number of defaulters we can summons to Magistrates' court
- 5.5 As the collection rate is regularly exceeded over time, it is proposed that the budgeted collection rate be maintained at 97.50% for 2022/23.
- 5.6 The Council Tax base for 2022/23 is 62,628.42 x 97.50%, which equates to **61,062.71**. Members are advised that increases in Band D equivalents can result in a reduced Revenue Support Grant when the final settlement announcement is made later this year. The Council Tax base analysed over community council areas is as follows: -

Community Councils Tax Base 2022/23

Community Council	Band D
Aber Valley	2,016.21
Argoed	871.94
Bargoed	3,694.09
Bedwas, Trethomas & Machen	3,948.40
Blackwood	2,972.91
Caerphilly	6,293.38
Darran Valley	714.21
Draethen, Waterloo & Rudry	619.91
Gelligaer	6,285.34
Llanbradach & Pwllpant	1,501.97
Maesycwmmmer	905.37
Nelson	1,595.45
New Tredegar	1,338.76
Penyrheol, Trecenydd & Energlyn	4,516.18
Rhymney	2,551.88
Risca East	2,040.30
Risca West	1,813.84
Van	1,652.77
Areas without Community Councils	15,729.80
Total	61,062.71

6. ASSUMPTIONS

- 6.1 It is assumed that although the council tax collection rate of 97.50% is unlikely to be reached by the end of the financial year, it will be met over a period of time.

7. SUMMARY OF INTEGRATED IMPACT ASSESSMENT

7.1 The calculation of the Council Tax base is a statement of fact and as such an Integrated Impact Assessment is not required.

8. FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

8.1 As identified throughout this report.

9. PERSONNEL IMPLICATIONS

9.1 There are none in respect of this report.

10. CONSULTATIONS

10.1 There are no consultation responses which have not been reflected in this report.

11. STATUTORY POWER

11.1 Local Government Finance Act 1992 and regulations made under the Act.

Author: Sean O'Donnell, Principal Council Tax & NNDR Officer
(E-mail: odonns@caerphilly.gov.uk Tel: 01443 864013)

Consultees: David Street, Acting Chief Executive
(Email: streed@caerphilly.gov.uk)
Richard Edmunds, Corporate Director for Education & Corporate Services
(Email: edmunre@caerphilly.gov.uk)
Stephen Harris, Head of Financial Services & S151 Officer
(Email: harrisr@caerphilly.gov.uk)
Cllr Eluned Stenner, Cabinet Member for Performance, Economy and Enterprise
(Email: stenne@caerphilly.gov.uk)
Robert Tranter, Head of Legal Services and Monitoring Officer
(Email: trantrj@caerphilly.gov.uk)
John Carpenter, Finance Manager (Revenues)
(Email: carpewj@caerphilly.gov.uk)
Andrew Southcombe, Finance Manager (Corporate Finance)
(Email: southak@caerphilly.gov.uk)

Appendices:

Appendix 1 Council Tax Dwellings Return for 2022-23